## Lesson 3.1 Worksheet

Name:						

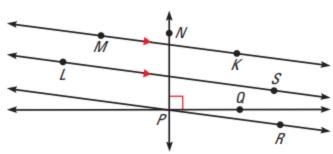
Think of each segment in the diagram as part of a line. Which line(s) or plane(s)  $\underline{\text{contain point } B}$  and appear to fit the description?

- 1.) Line(s) parallel to  $\overrightarrow{CD}$ .
- 2.) Line(s) perpendicular to  $\overrightarrow{CD}$ .
- 3.) Line(s) skew to  $\overrightarrow{CD}$ .
- 4.) Lines parallel to plane CDH.



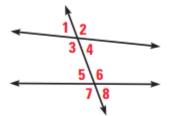
For exercises 5-8, use the markings in the diagram to answer the questions below.

- 5.) Name a pair of parallel lines.
- 6.) Name a pair of perpendicular lines.
- 7.) Is  $\overrightarrow{PN} \parallel \overrightarrow{KM}$ ?
- 8.) Is  $\overrightarrow{PR} \perp \overrightarrow{NP}$ ?



In 9-12, use the diagram to name <u>all</u> pairs of the given angle type.

- 9.) Corresponding Angles.
- 10.) Alternate Interior Angles.



- 11.) Alternate Exterior Angles.
- 12.) Consecutive Angles.

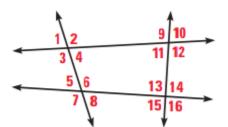
Classify the listed angle pair as corresponding, alternate interior, alternate exterior, or consecutive angles.

13.) ∠5 and ∠1

14.)  $\angle 5$  and  $\angle 1$ 

15.) ∠5 and ∠1

16.) ∠5 and ∠1



## Complete the statement with sometimes, always, or never.

- 17.) If two lines are parallel, then they are \_\_\_\_\_ coplanar.
- 18.) If two lines are not coplanar, then they \_\_\_\_\_ intersect.
- 19.) If three lines intersect at one point, then they are \_\_\_\_\_ coplanar.

## CONSTRUCTION: Use the picture of the cherry-picker to answer 20 and 21.

20.) Is the work platform perpendicular, parallel, or skew to the ground?

21.) Is the arm *perpendicular*, *parallel*, or *skew* to the ground?

